Milestones Chart:

6 – 18 months



Age	Moving	Speech	Emotional Development	Plαy	Teeth	Feeding
6-7 months	 Some babies sit up unaided at 6 months. 6-8 months is the average. She may be pushing herself up to crawl or mastering sitting up unaided. 	She may babble a few sounds or blow bubbles.	If your baby can't see you, she may get upset. Try calling out to her so she knows where you are.	 She'll love toys with textures that make a noise. She may be able to hold two objects in each hand. 	She may cut her first two central top and two central bottom incisors.	 She'll be ready for solids now. Begin with foods like baby rice, and fruit and vegetable purees. If you want to introduce baby-led weaning, you also give your baby chewier foods like cooked strips of carrot or cooked stalks of broccoli.
8-9 months	He may be on the move crawling, shuffling on his bum or cruising between the furniture.	He may say 'mama' or 'dada' and wave bye- bye.	He may get more anxious than before if you're out of the room.	He'll love stacking cubes and shape sorters.	Between now and 12 months, two or more front teeth appear making four top and four bottom teeth.	Your baby will probably enjoy lumpier textures. He may hold rusks or toast soldiers and drink less milk now.
10-11 months	 Some babies are able to stand unaided; some are even ready to take their first steps. She may slither backwards down the stairs. 	 She becomes a chatterbox and loves action songs. She may babble in short sentences, not real words e.g. 'ba ba ba'. 	 Some babies develop a fear of strangers. She may start to remember where things are. 	She'll love playing with everyday objects.	Her second incisors should be through now.	 She may be able to drink from a cup independently. She may have favourite foods or be a pickier eater. She might be trying to feed herself with a spoon.
12 months	 He could be ready to walk while holding your hand. He may start to crawl upstairs. 	He may say 'mama' or 'dada' to call you to him.	 He'll begin to understand simple instructions. He'll respond to his name. 	He perfects the thumb and finger pincer grip so he can pick objects up.	His first molar teeth may be coming through soon.	He loves finger food even more now and will have dropped a milk feed.
13-14 months	She may be walking, gradually getting steadier and faster but prone to bumps and falls.	She may start to use simple pairs of words like 'me go'	 She'll assert independence and have some tantrums. She'll give you hugs and show affection. 	 She'll experiment with cause and effect. She'll show more interest in other children. 	First molars should be through now.	 Her appetite decreases and weight gain slows. She'll put food in her mouth on a spoon.
15-16 months	He perfects balance and becomes steadier on his feet.	 He'll say new words every day. He understands much more than he says. 	He loves routine and anticipating what comes next.	 His imagination is developing. He can point at his nose, eyes and mouth. 	Large canines (eye teeth) may appear between now and 20 months.	 He'll drop to two milk feeds a day. He can cope with lumpier foods.
17-18 months	The majority of children can walk, and crawl up stairs.	Between now and 2 years old she may learn around 10 or more words a day. So watch what you say in front of her!	She copies you.She may drop to one nap a day.	 She may be able to kick a ball and run (unsteadily!) She'll love to dance. 	Large canines (eye teeth) should be through now.	 She'll eat more family food. She may use chunky toddler cutlery.

Please note, this chart shows the average time a child would reach these milestones, but all babies develop differently so only use it as a guide. If your baby has special needs or was born prematurely their developmental progress will vary.